

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International!    Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSSPTA1626GMS

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

\* \* \* \* \*      Welcome to STN International      \* \* \* \* \*

NEWS	1		Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS	2		"Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS	3	JAN 17	Pre-1988 INPI data added to MARPAT
NEWS	4	FEB 21	STN AnaVist, Version 1.1, lets you share your STN AnaVist visualization results
NEWS	5	FEB 22	The IPC thesaurus added to additional patent databases on STN
NEWS	6	FEB 22	Updates in EPFULL; IPC 8 enhancements added
NEWS	7	FEB 27	New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006
NEWS	8	MAR 03	Updates in PATDPA; addition of IPC 8 data without attributes
NEWS	9	MAR 22	EMBASE is now updated on a daily basis
NEWS	10	APR 03	New IPC 8 fields and IPC thesaurus added to PATDPAFULL
NEWS	11	APR 03	Bibliographic data updates resume; new IPC 8 fields and IPC thesaurus added in PCTFULL
NEWS	12	APR 04	STN AnaVist \$500 visualization usage credit offered
NEWS	13	APR 12	LINSPEC, learning database for INSPEC, reloaded and enhanced
NEWS	14	APR 12	Improved structure highlighting in FQHIT and QHIT display in MARPAT
NEWS	15	APR 12	Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced during second quarter; strategies may be affected
NEWS	16	MAY 10	CA/CAPLUS enhanced with 1900-1906 U.S. patent records
NEWS	17	MAY 11	KOREAPAT updates resume
NEWS	18	MAY 19	Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced
NEWS	19	MAY 30	IPC 8 Rolled-up Core codes added to CA/CAPLUS and USPTFULL/USPAT2
NEWS	20	MAY 30	The F-Term thesaurus is now available in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS	21	JUN 02	The first reclassification of IPC codes now complete in INPADOC
NEWS EXPRESS			FEBRUARY 15 CURRENT VERSION FOR WINDOWS IS V8.01a, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 DECEMBER 2005. V8.0 AND V8.01 USERS CAN OBTAIN THE UPGRADE TO V8.01a AT <a href="http://download.cas.org/express/v8.0-Discover/">http://download.cas.org/express/v8.0-Discover/</a>
NEWS HOURS			STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS LOGIN			Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS IPC8			For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8
NEWS X25			X.25 communication option no longer available after June 2006

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

06/23/2006      Print selected from Online session

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\* \* \* \* \* STN Columbus \* \* \* \* \*

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:53:59 ON 23 JUN 2006

=>

Uploading

THIS COMMAND NOT AVAILABLE IN THE CURRENT FILE

Do you want to switch to the Registry File?

Choice (Y/n):

Switching to the Registry File...

Some commands only work in certain files. For example, the EXPAND command can only be used to look at the index in a file which has an index. Enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>) for a list of commands which can be used in this file.

=> FILE REGISTRY

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.21	0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:54:15 ON 23 JUN 2006

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 22 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 889059-26-1

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 22 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 889059-26-1

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*  
\* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from \*  
\* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, \*  
\* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now \*  
\* available and contains the CA role and document type information. \*  
\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and

Print selected from Online session

20:09 2

06/23/2006      Print selected from Online session

predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of  
experimental property data in the original document. For information  
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10802902a.str

L1            STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1            STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:54:35 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -        183 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED        183 ITERATIONS

8 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS:    ONLINE    \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH    \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:        2849 TO        4471

PROJECTED ANSWERS:            8 TO        329

L2            8 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:54:42 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -        3722 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED        3722 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

229 ANSWERS

L3            229 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> FIL HCAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

166.94

167.15

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:54:49 ON 23 JUN 2006

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26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications.

Print selected from Online session

20:09 3

06/23/2006 Print selected from Online session

58032 CELL DEATH

(CELL(W) DEATH)

L7 1 L4 AND CELL DEATH

=> s l4 and py<=1999

19965733 PY<=1999

L8 19 L4 AND PY<=1999

=> FIL REGISTRY

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

20.24

187.39

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:59:22 ON 23 JUN 2006

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 22 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 889059-26-1

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 22 JUN 2006 HIGHEST RN 889059-26-1

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

\*\*\*\*\*  
\*  
\* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from \*  
\* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, \*  
\* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now \*  
\* available and contains the CA role and document type information. \*  
\*  
\*\*\*\*\*

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

Print selected from Online session

20:09 5

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 23 Jun 2006 VOL 145 ISS 1  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 22 Jun 2006 (20060622/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l3

L4 35 L3

=> s l4 and pharmaceutical composition

217198 PHARMACEUTICAL

87838 PHARMACEUTICALS

270143 PHARMACEUTICAL

(PHARMACEUTICAL OR PHARMACEUTICALS)

656053 COMPOSITION

301107 COMPOSITIONS

951117 COMPOSITION

(COMPOSITION OR COMPOSITIONS)

1401778 COMPN

568094 COMPNS

1718941 COMPN

(COMPN OR COMPNS)

2166608 COMPOSITION

(COMPOSITION OR COMPN)

28205 PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

(PHARMACEUTICAL(W) COMPOSITION)

L5 0 L4 AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

=> s l4 and composition

656053 COMPOSITION

301107 COMPOSITIONS

951117 COMPOSITION

(COMPOSITION OR COMPOSITIONS)

1401778 COMPN

568094 COMPNS

1718941 COMPN

(COMPN OR COMPNS)

2166608 COMPOSITION

(COMPOSITION OR COMPN)

L6 0 L4 AND COMPOSITION

=> s l4 and cell death

2071963 CELL

1815612 CELLS

2743292 CELL

(CELL OR CELLS)

136518 DEATH

10979 DEATHS

144347 DEATH

(DEATH OR DEATHS)

06/23/2006      Print selected from Online session

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10802902a.str

L9            STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 19

L9 HAS NO ANSWERS

L9            STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY -    AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10802902b.str

L10          STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 110

L10 HAS NO ANSWERS

L10          STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY -    AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 110

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 20:05:54 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -            180 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED            180 ITERATIONS

7 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS:    ONLINE    \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH    \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:            2796 TO            4404

PROJECTED ANSWERS:                7 TO            298

L11            7 SEA SSS SAM L10

=> s 110 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 20:06:01 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -            3693 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED            3693 ITERATIONS

167 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L12            167 SEA SSS FUL L10

=> FIL HCAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

171.34

358.73

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 20:06:05 ON 23 JUN 2006

Print selected from Online session

20:09 6

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 23 Jun 2006    VOL 145 ISS 1  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 22 Jun 2006    (20060622/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l12

L13            32 L12

---

=> s l13 and pharmaceutical composition

217198 PHARMACEUTICAL

87838 PHARMACEUTICALS

270143 PHARMACEUTICAL

(PHARMACEUTICAL OR PHARMACEUTICALS)

656053 COMPOSITION

301107 COMPOSITIONS

951117 COMPOSITION

(COMPOSITION OR COMPOSITIONS)

1401778 COMPN

568094 COMPNS

1718941 COMPN

(COMPN OR COMPNS)

2166608 COMPOSITION

(COMPOSITION OR COMPN)

28205 PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

(PHARMACEUTICAL(W) COMPOSITION)

L14            0 L13 AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

---

=> s l13 and composition

656053 COMPOSITION

301107 COMPOSITIONS

951117 COMPOSITION

(COMPOSITION OR COMPOSITIONS)

1401778 COMPN

568094 COMPNS

1718941 COMPN

(COMPN OR COMPNS)

2166608 COMPOSITION

(COMPOSITION OR COMPN)

L15            0 L13 AND COMPOSITION

---

06/23/2006      Print selected from Online session

=> s l13 and cell death  
2071963 CELL  
1815612 CELLS  
2743292 CELL  
          (CELL OR CELLS)  
136518 DEATH  
10979 DEATHS  
144347 DEATH  
          (DEATH OR DEATHS)  
58032 CELL DEATH  
          (CELL(W) DEATH)  
L16           1 ~~L13 AND CELL DEATH~~

=> s l13 and py<=1999  
19965733 PY<=1999  
L17           17 L13 AND PY<=1999

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:53:59 ON 23 JUN 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:54:15 ON 23 JUN 2006

L1           STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2           8 S L1  
L3           229 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:54:49 ON 23 JUN 2006

L4           35 S L3  
L5           0 S L4 AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION  
L6           0 S L4 AND COMPOSITION  
L7           1 S L4 AND CELL DEATH  
L8           19 S L4 AND PY<=1999

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:59:22 ON 23 JUN 2006

L9           STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L10          STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L11          7 S L10  
L12          167 S L10 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 20:06:05 ON 23 JUN 2006

L13          32 S L12  
L14          0 S L13 AND PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION  
L15          0 S L13 AND COMPOSITION  
L16          1 S L13 AND CELL DEATH  
L17          17 S L13 AND PY<=1999

=> d l16 ibib abs hitstr tot

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:      2003:334664 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:      138:348686

TITLE:                ~~Small molecules used to increase cell~~  
                          ~~death and treat cancer~~

INVENTOR(S):           Yuan, Junying; Degterev, Alexei; Mitchison, Timothy J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):   ~~President and Fellows of Harvard College, USA~~

SOURCE:               U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp., Division of U.S. Ser.  
                          No. 736,502, abandoned.

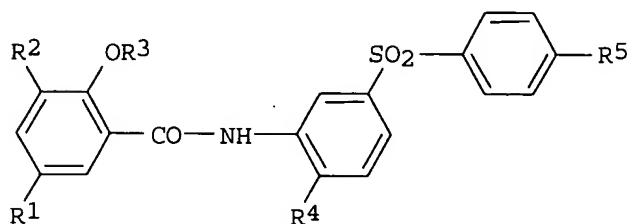
CODEN: USXXCO

*Number*

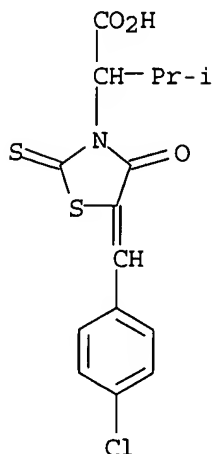


DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003083386	A1	20030501	US 2002-196080	20020716
US <del>6706766</del>	B2	20040316		
US <del>2004266846</del>	A1	20041230	US 2004-802902	20040316
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-170329P	P 19991213
			US 2000-736502	B3 20001213
			US 2002-196080	A3 20020716
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 138:348686			
GI				

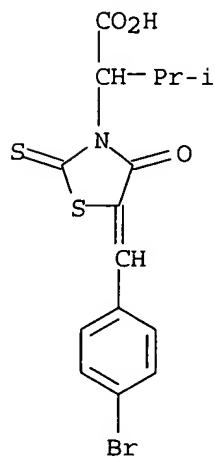


- AB The invention features methods for increasing **cell death**. The invention also features compds. used to increase **cell death**. The invention further features methods for identifying compds. that increase **cell death**. The invention specifically claims compds. I (R1, R2, R4, R5 = H, halo, Ph; R3 = H, alkyl). Also included are thiazolidineacetic acid derivs. The compds. of the invention may be used to treat cancer.
- IT **6593-73-3 300817-68-9**  
 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (small mols. used to increase **cell death** and treat cancer)
- RN 6593-73-3 HCAPLUS
- CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(4-chlorophenyl)methylene]- $\alpha$ -(1-methylethyl)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 300817-68-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(4-bromophenyl)methylene]-α-(1-methylethyl)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



=&gt; d 117 ibib abs hitstr tot

L17 ANSWER 1 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:512638 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:221685

TITLE: Synthesis of tricyclic rhodanine esters

AUTHOR(S): Lesyk, R. B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: L'vov. Gos. Med. Inst., Lvov, Ukraine

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1995), (4), 79-81

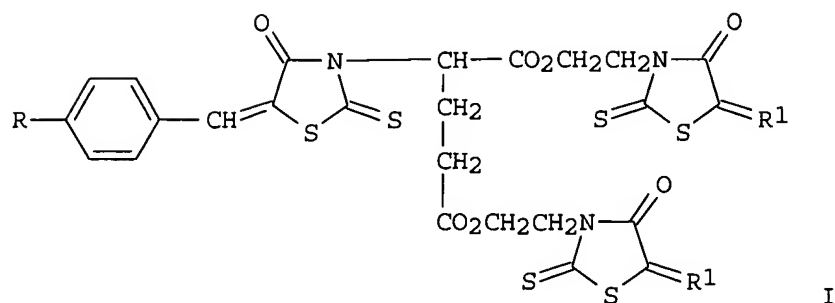
CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

PUBLISHER: Zdorov'ya

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

GI

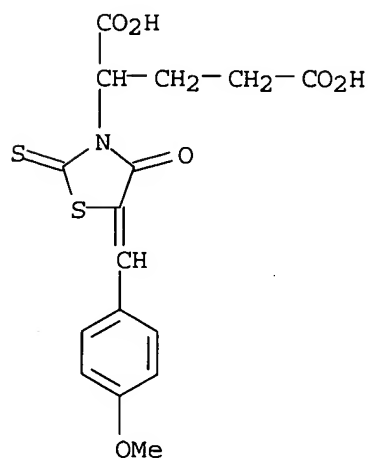


AB Title compds. I (R = H, MeO; R1 = H2, 4-methoxybenzylidene, 3,4-dimethoxybenzylidene, 4-chlorobenzylidene, 2-hydroxybenzylidene, etc.) were prepared from (arylidenerhodaninyl)pentanedioyl chlorides and 3-(2-hydroxyethyl)rhodanine. I showed moderate antimicrobial activity.

IT **167642-68-4**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (conversion to acid chloride)

RN 167642-68-4 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanedioic acid, 2-[5-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 2 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:384040 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:198687

TITLE: Synthesis of biologically active tricyclic rhodanine diamides based on glutamic or aspartic acids

AUTHOR(S): Gorishniy, V. Y.; Lesyk, R. B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Russia

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1994), (2), 52-6

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

PUBLISHER: Zdorov'ya

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Ukrainian  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:198687

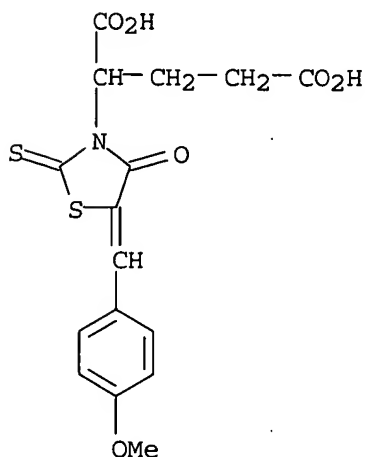
AB There have been obtained anhydrides and acyl chlorides of 5-benzylidene-3-(dicarboxyalkyl)rhodanine. The latter reacts on 4-aminoantipyrine or 3-aminorhodanine to give a series of tricyclic noncondensed rhodanine diamides. Synthesized diamide, having two antipyrine substituents, show antiinflammatory activity while tricyclic noncondensed derivs. of rhodanine and their 3-benzylidene substituents show sufficient antimicrobial activity.

IT 167642-68-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of biol. active tricyclic rhodanine diamides based on glutamic or aspartic acids)

RN 167642-68-4 HCAPLUS

CN Pentanedioic acid, 2-[5-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 3 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:490809 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:90809

TITLE: Synthesis of methionine-based rhodanines

AUTHOR(S): Yakubich, V. I.; Gritsyuk, L. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Inst., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1984), (1), 40-3

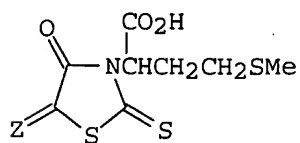
CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:90809

GI



I

AB Treating methionine with CS<sub>2</sub> in aqueous KOH gave the intermediate MeSCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(NHCS<sub>2</sub>K)CO<sub>2</sub>K, cyclocondensation of which with ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>K gave 72% rhodamine I (Z = H<sub>2</sub>) (II). II condensed with 16 aromatic aldehydes, isatin and 1-methylisatin to give the corresponding I (Z = arylidene) in 52-99% yield.

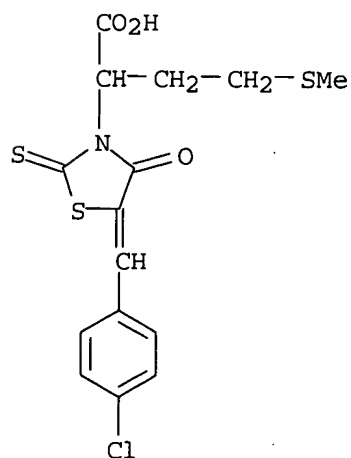
IT 90812-37-6P 90812-38-7P 90812-39-8P

90812-40-1P 90812-41-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

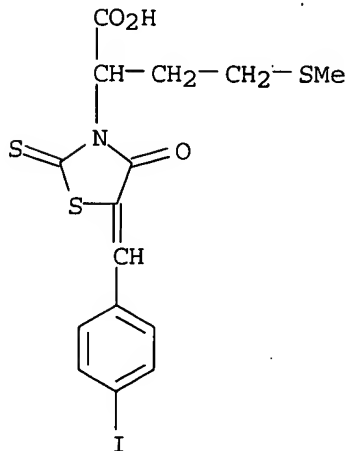
RN 90812-37-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(4-chlorophenyl)methylene]- $\alpha$ -[2-(methylthio)ethyl]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 90812-38-7 HCAPLUS

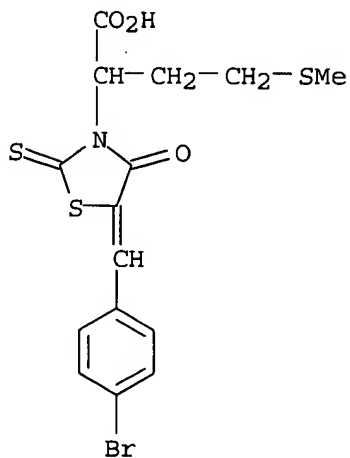
CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(4-iodophenyl)methylene]- $\alpha$ -[2-(methylthio)ethyl]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 90812-39-8 HCAPLUS

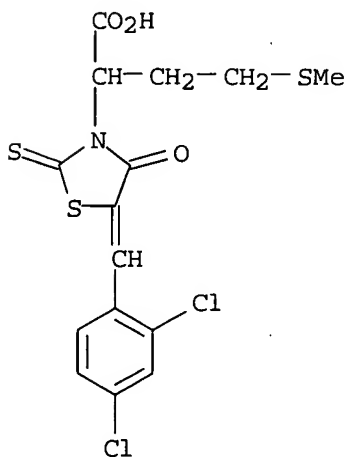
CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(4-bromophenyl)methylene]- $\alpha$ -[2-

(methylthio)ethyl]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI)    (CA INDEX NAME)



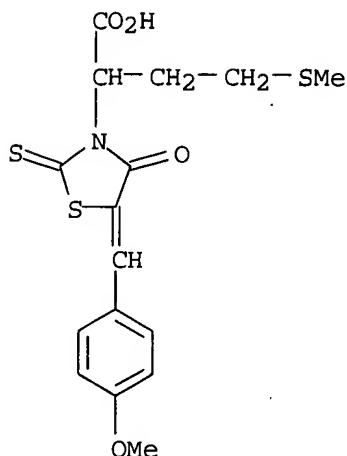
RN    90812-40-1    HCAPLUS

CN    3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(2,4-dichlorophenyl)methylene]-α-[2-(methylthio)ethyl]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI)    (CA INDEX NAME)



RN    90812-41-2    HCAPLUS

CN    3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-α-[2-(methylthio)ethyl]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI)    (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 4 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:78766 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76:78766

TITLE: Electronic spectra of 3-( $\alpha$ -carboxy- $\delta$ -guanidino)butylrhodanine and its 5-derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Kovaliv, Yu. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lvov Sci.-Res. Inst. Hematol. Blood Transfus., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1971), 26(6), 8-11

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

AB The electronic absorption spectra of 3-( $\alpha$ -carboxy- $\delta$ -guanidino)butylrhodanine (I) and of a series of its 5-arylidene derivatives were measured to study the effect of the substituents on the spectral characteristics of I. The observed bands with maxs. at 265 and 295-296 nm are attributed to the presence of the -N-C:S and -S-C:S groups, resp. The presence of substituents in the position-5 leads, in some cases, to bathochromic shifts in the maximum. The most characteristic feature of the spectra is the appearance of an intensive K-band with a maximum at 370-465 nm, which is attributed to the presence of a conjugated chain with 5 double bonds.

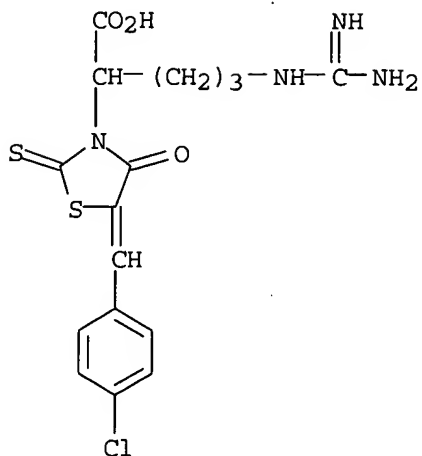
IT 26069-82-9 26069-83-0 26074-96-4

RL: PRP (Properties)

(electronic spectrum of)

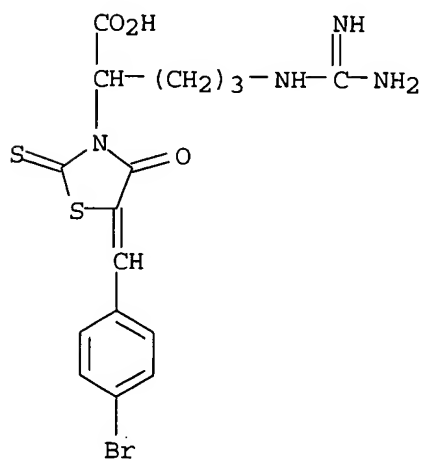
RN 26069-82-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-5-[(4-chlorophenyl)methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 26069-83-0 HCAPLUS

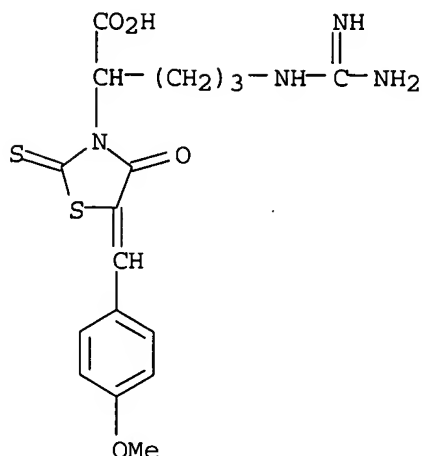
CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, α-[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-5-  
[(4-bromophenyl)methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 26074-96-4 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, α-[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-5-  
[[4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





L17 ANSWER 5 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:442600 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 75:42600

TITLE: Electronic spectra of 3-α-carboxypentylrhodanine and of its 5-derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Kovaliv, Yu. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sci. Res. Inst. Hematol. Blood Transfus., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1971),

26(2), 25-8

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

AB The uv spectrum of 3-α-carboxypentylrhodanine consists of 2 bands, at 265 and 300 nm. The introduction of 5-arylidene substituents (PhCH:, m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, 3,4-(MeO)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CH:, PhCH:CHCH:, and 9-anthrylmethylene causes the appearance of characteristic high intensity (log ε = 4.12 - 4.86) K band in the 369-455-nm region. The other characteristic bands are at 220-241, 253-281, and 288-334 nm.

IT 21468-82-6 21468-83-7 21468-85-9

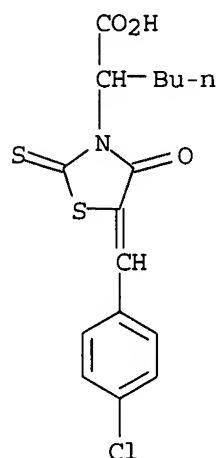
21468-86-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

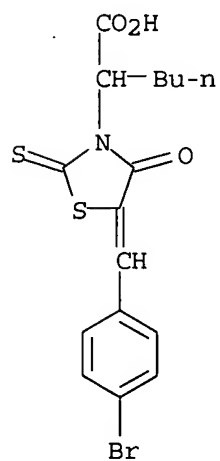
(spectrum of, uv)

RN 21468-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, α-butyl-5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

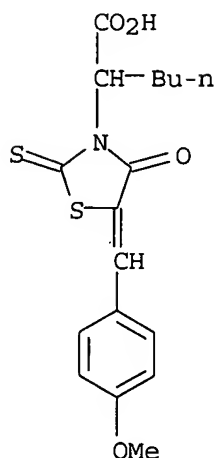


RN 21468-83-7 HCAPLUS

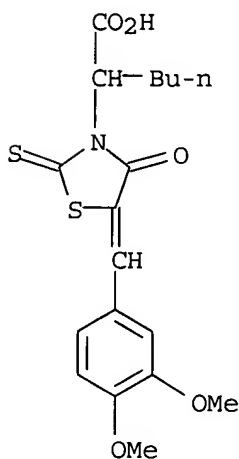
CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-bromobenzylidene)- $\alpha$ -butyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 21468-85-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -butyl-5-(p-methoxybenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 21468-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -butyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-  
(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:31675 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:31675

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of rhodanines obtained from  
 ~~$\beta$ -phenylalanine~~

AUTHOR(S): Kopyichuk, I. I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lvov Med. Inst., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1969),  
24(4), 26-9

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Phenylalanine (0.25 mole), 0.5 mole KOH, and 0.25 mole CS<sub>2</sub> was stirred 3  
hr in 160 ml H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.25 mole ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, neutralized with K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, added, the  
mixture stirred 30 min, 100 ml boiling concentrated HCl added, the mixture  
heated 20

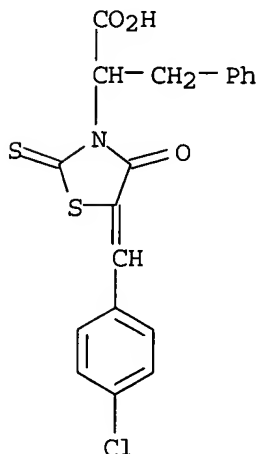
min, and the formed oil washed with H<sub>2</sub>O to give 79.5% I (R = H<sub>2</sub>) (II), m. 170-3°. II and an aldehyde (0.005 mole each), 1 g anhydrous NaOAc, and 10 ml HOAc was heated 3 hr to give I (R, % yield, and m.p. given): PhCH, 59.8, 196-8°; p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 88.6, 204-6°; m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 88.5, 132-3°; p-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 89.1, 174-5°; o-HOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 69.4, 202-3°; veratrylidene, 69.1, 152-3°; p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 88.4, 203-5°; PhCH:CHCH, 61.0, 140-2°; 9-anthralidene (9-anthrylmethylene), 64.1, 99-101°; furfurylidene, 69.6, 143-5°. Spectral data were reported. I had antituberculous activity.

IT 24834-72-8P 24834-74-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

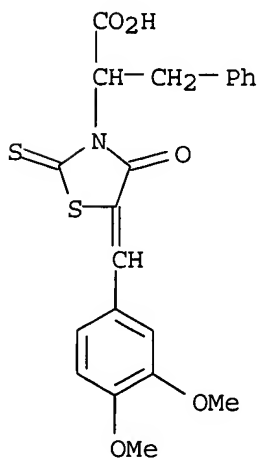
RN 24834-72-8 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -benzyl-5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 24834-74-0 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -benzyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 7 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:27980 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:27980

TITLE: Rhodanine-3-carboxylic acid derivatives as reagents for inorganic analysis

AUTHOR(S): Kovaliv, Yu. D.; Turkevich, B. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lvov Sci.-Res. Inst. Hematol. Blood Transfus., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1969), 24(5), 28-34

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The following derivs. of the title acid were obtained and used for detection of cations (R in I, II, and III and corresponding m.p. given):  
 H<sub>2</sub>, 82-3°, 95-6°, 190-2°; PhCH, 134-5°, 202-4°, 255-6°; m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 150-2°, 183-5°, 245-7°; p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 162-3°, 234-5°, 183-5°; p-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 177-8°, 240-1°, 255-6°; p-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 179-80°, 240-1°, 274-5°; p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 187-8°, 110-12°, 275-7°; p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 145-6°, 211-12°, 258-9°; 1,2-(MeO)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 97-8°, 146-8°, 260-1°; PhCH:CHCH, 141-2°, 162-4°, 242-3°; 9-anthranylidene, 80-1°, 230-2°, 258-60°. The derivs. were sensitive reagents for Ag<sup>+</sup>, Au<sup>3+</sup>, Pt<sup>4+</sup>, and Pd<sup>2+</sup> (detection limits 0.1-1 µg), and less sensitive to Cu<sup>2+</sup> and Hg<sup>2+</sup>. The reagents gave color spots with the cations when detected by paper chromatog. The most sensitive for Cu<sup>2+</sup> (0.02 µg) were I with R = p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH and 9-anthranylidene, and for Hg<sup>2+</sup> p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH derivs. of I-III and the veratrylidene derivative of II. For Pt<sup>4+</sup> the most sensitive was the parent acid of II and the veratrylidene derivative of III (0.1 γ). Unsubstituted acids gave characteristic reactions only for Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Ag<sup>+</sup>, Au<sup>3+</sup>, Pt<sup>4+</sup>, and Pd<sup>2+</sup>. Introduction of arylidene substituents in position 5 of the rhodanine ring did not generally enhance sensitivity for cations. The most sensitive of the arylidene derivs. of the 3 acids were those of i. p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH derivative of I was the characteristic reagent for Zn<sup>2+</sup> and the same derivative of III proved the group reagent for Zn<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Y<sup>3+</sup>, In<sup>3+</sup>, Pr<sup>3+</sup>, Sm<sup>3+</sup>, Gd<sup>3+</sup>, Nd<sup>3+</sup>, Er<sup>3+</sup>, Th<sup>4+</sup>, Yb<sup>3+</sup>, La<sup>3+</sup>, and Ce<sup>4+</sup>.

IT 13112-37-3 13185-06-3 13185-07-4

21468-82-6 21468-83-7 21468-85-9

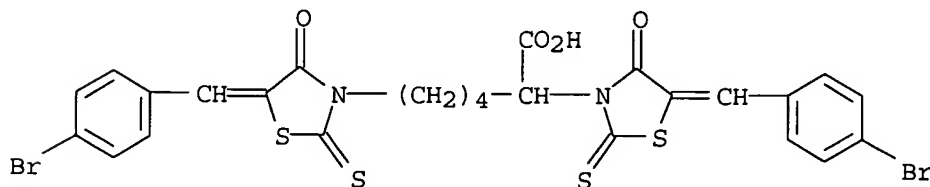
21468-86-0 26069-76-1 26069-82-9

26069-83-0 26074-96-4 26074-97-5

RL: ANST (Analytical study)  
(in detection of metal ions)

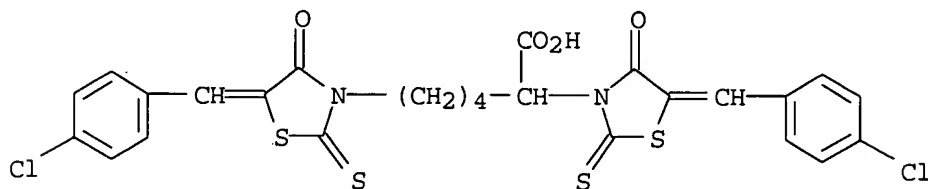
RN 13112-37-3 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis[5-(p-bromobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



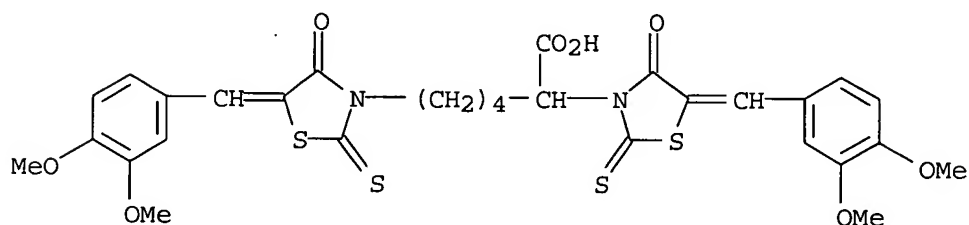
RN 13185-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis[5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



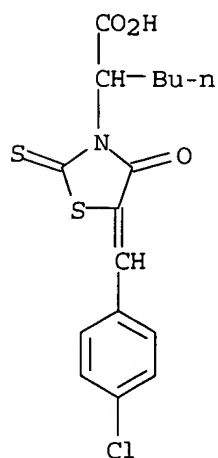
RN 13185-07-4 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis(4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-3-thiazolidinyl)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



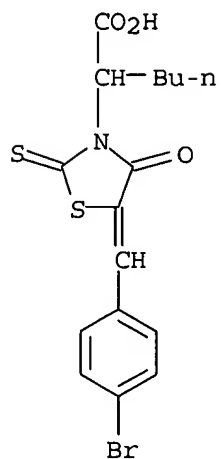
RN 21468-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -butyl-5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

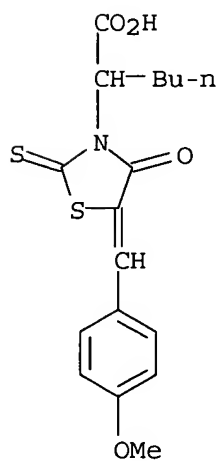


RN 21468-83-7 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-bromobenzylidene)- $\alpha$ -butyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

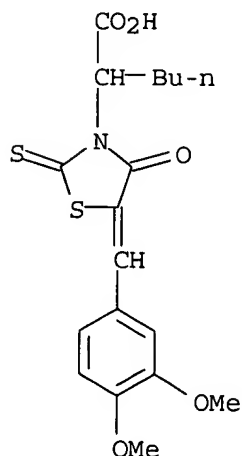


RN 21468-85-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -butyl-5-(p-methoxybenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

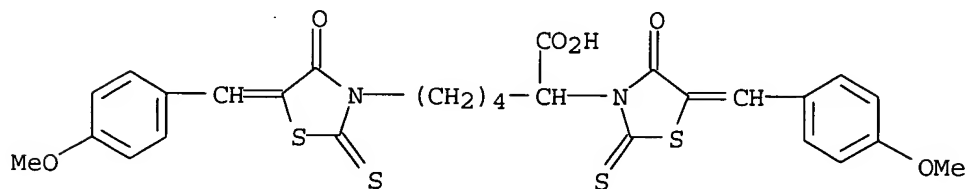
RN 21468-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -butyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

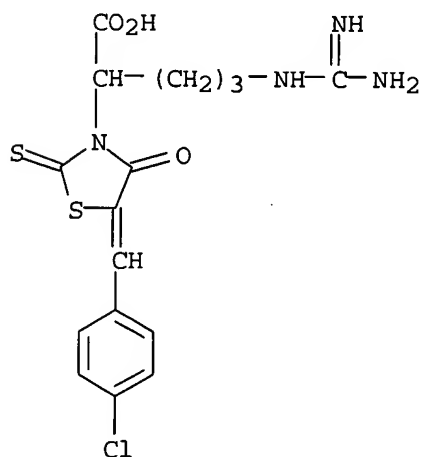


RN 26069-76-1 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis[5-(p-methoxybenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



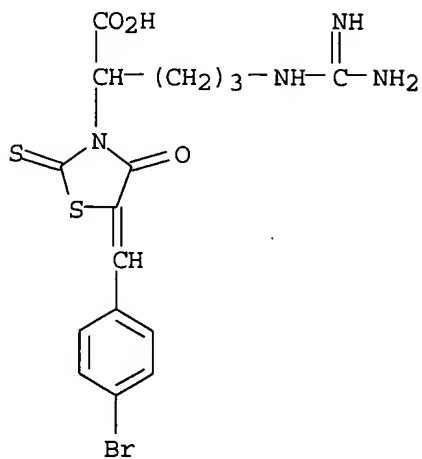
RN 26069-82-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-5-[(4-chlorophenyl)methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 26069-83-0 HCAPLUS

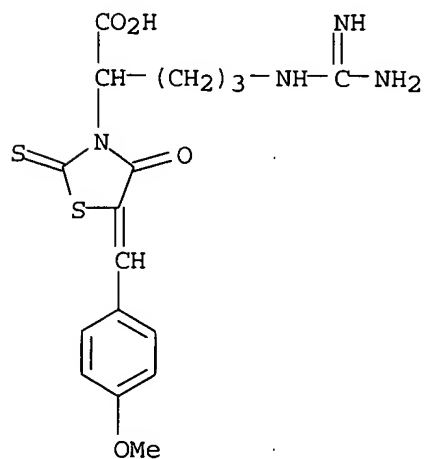
CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-5-[(4-bromophenyl)methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





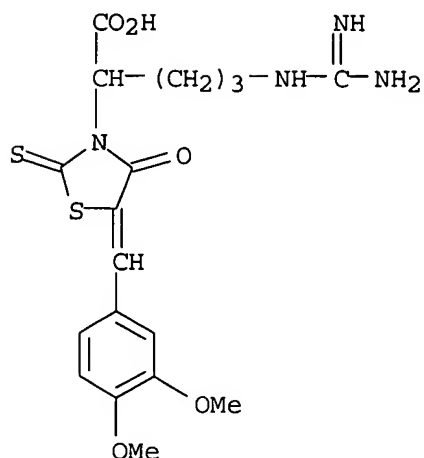
RN 26074-96-4 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, α-[3-[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]propyl]-5-[[4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 26074-97-5 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, α-(3-guanidinopropyl)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 8 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:101308 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 70:101308

TITLE: Electronic spectra of  $\alpha,\epsilon$ -bis(4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl)caproic acid and its 5-arylidene-derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Kovaliv, Yu. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lvov Sci.-Res. Inst. Hematol. Blood Transfus., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1969), 24(1), 19-22

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

AB The uv absorption spectra of  $\alpha,\epsilon$ -bis(4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl)-caproic acid (I) and the influence of substituents such as PhCH:, m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CH:, 3,4-(MeO)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CH:, PhCH:CHCH:, and 9'-Cl<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>CH: at the 5 position on the spectral behavior of its 5-arylidene derivs. were investigated. The characteristic features (maximum, shifts) of the 4 bands, observed for both I and its derivs., are discussed. The above mentioned substitution resulted in an insignificant bathochromic shift of the corresponding maximum in the 3rd band, with the exception of the 9'-Cl<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>CH: derivative which had an appreciable shift in the 44-51 nm. region. Intensive absorption maximum were found in the 4th band at 337-463 nm. for all I derivs. owing to formation of a conjugated chain with 5 double bonds.

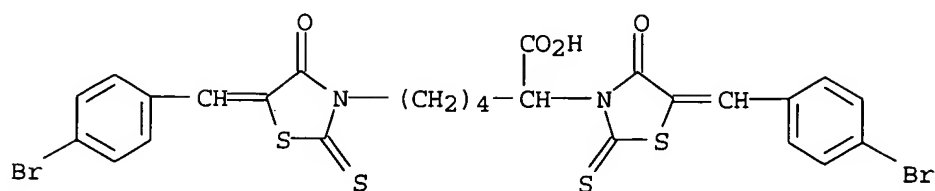
IT 13112-37-3 13185-06-3 13185-07-4

RL: PRP (Properties)

(spectrum of, chain conjugation effect on)

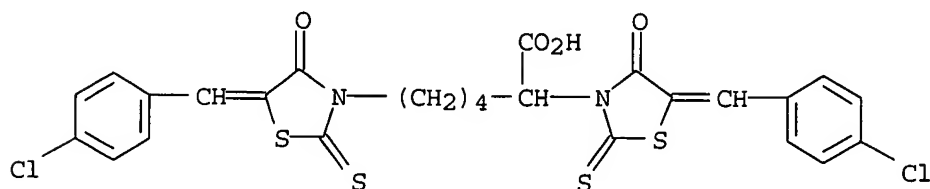
RN 13112-37-3 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis[5-(p-bromobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



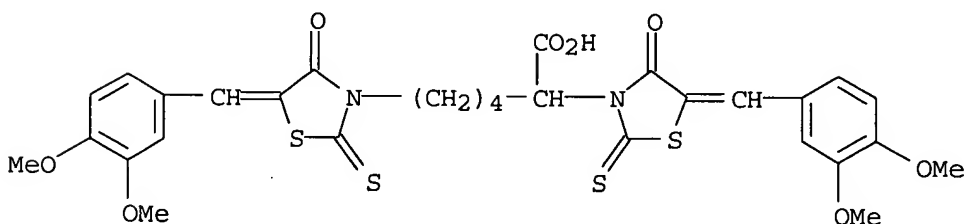
RN 13185-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis[5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 13185-07-4 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis[4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-3-thiazolidinyl]-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 9 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:88229 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 70:88229

TITLE: Synthesis of arginine-based rhodanines

AUTHOR(S): Kovaliv, Yu. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: L'viv. Nauk.-Doslid. Inst. Gematol. Pereliv. Krovi, Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1968), 23(4), 22-8

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB To a mixture of 34.84 g. arginine in 100 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O and 22.4 g. KOH in 20 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O was added 15.2 g. CS<sub>2</sub>, and after stirring 4 hrs. and adding 18.9 g. ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (neutralized with an equivalent amount of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>), the mixture was stirred 30 min., neutralized with HCl, and 80 ml. boiling 6 N HCl added to precipitate 47.6% α-(N-rhodanyl)-δ-guanidinovaleric acid chloride (I), m. 190-2° (AcOH). A mixture of 0.005 mole I, 0.005 mole

corresponding aromatic aldehyde, 10 ml. AcOH and 1 g. anhydrous AcONa was refluxed 3 hrs. and after cooling the precipitate was separated to give the following

II. AcOH (R, % yield, and m.p. given): PhCH, 87.6, 255-6°;  
 m-O<sub>2</sub>N-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 93.7, 245-7°; p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 87.5, 183-5°;  
 p-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 80.8, 255-6°, p-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 42, 274-5°;  
 p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 67.3, 275-7°; 3,4-(MeO)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CH, 82.3, 260-1°;  
 PhCH:-CHCH, 79.7, 242-3°; 9-anthrylmethylidene, 39.7,  
 258-60°. Uv spectra of I and II are discussed.

IT 21709-75-1P 21709-76-2P 21709-78-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)

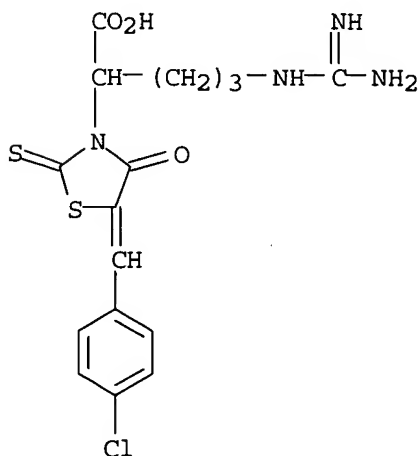
RN 21709-75-1 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-α-(3-guanidinopropyl)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-, monoacetate (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 26069-82-9

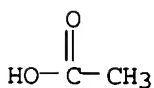
CMF C16 H17 Cl N4 O3 S2



CM 2

CRN 64-19-7

CMF C2 H4 O2

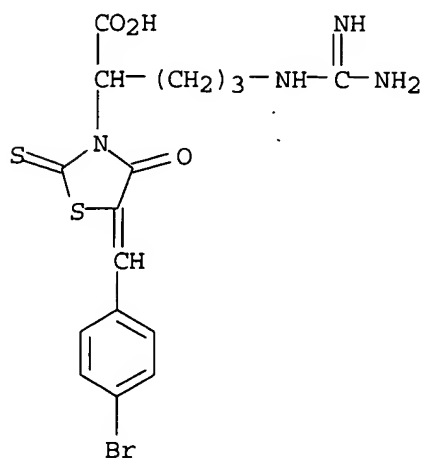


RN 21709-76-2 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-bromobenzylidene)-α-(3-guanidinopropyl)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-, monoacetate (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

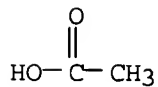
CM 1

CRN 26069-83-0  
CMF C16 H17 Br N4 O3 S2



CM 2

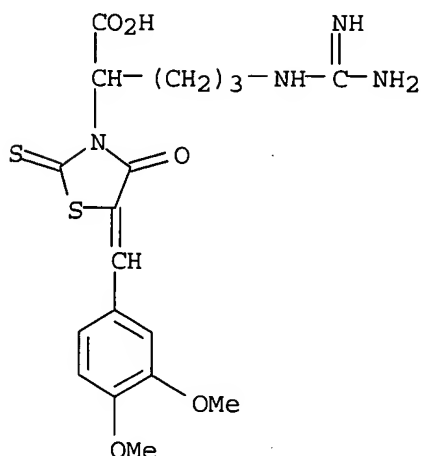
CRN 64-19-7  
CMF C2 H4 O2



RN 21709-78-4 HCAPLUS  
CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -(3-guanidinopropyl)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-, monoacetate (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

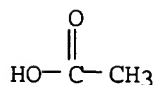
CRN 26074-97-5  
CMF C18 H22 N4 O5 S2



CM 2

CRN 64-19-7

CMF C2 H4 O2



L17 ANSWER 10 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:68238 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 70:68238

TITLE: Synthesis of thiocyanates based on norleucine

AUTHOR(S): Turkevich, M. M.; Kovaliv, Yu. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lvov Med. Inst., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1968),  
23(5), 44-9

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

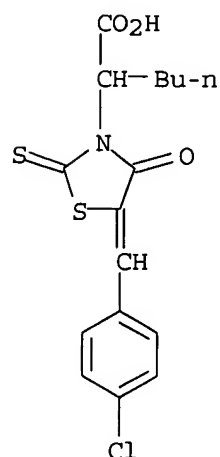
AB KOH (33.66 g.) in 225 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O and 22.83 g. CS<sub>2</sub> was added to 39.3 g. norleucine in 150 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, the mixture shaken 4 hrs., a mixture of 28.35 g. ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H in 60 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O and 15.88 g. Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> added, and the mixture shaken 30 min., neutralized with 240 cc. boiling HCl, and kept 16 hrs. to give 95.8% 3- $\alpha$ -carboxypentylrhodanine (I), m. 82-3° (1:3 AcOH-H<sub>2</sub>O). I, 0.01 mole aldehyde, 1 g. anhydrous AcONa, and 10 cc. AcOH was refluxed 3 hrs. and the mixture poured into H<sub>2</sub>O to give 3- $\alpha$ -carboxypentyl-5-arylidenerhodanines [arylidene, % yield, and m.p. (aqueous AcOH) given): PhCH:, 60.1, 134-5°; m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, 77.4, 150-2°; p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, 76.1, 162-3°; p-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, 66, 177-8°; p-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, 78.7, 179-80°; p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH:, 71.9, 187-8°; anisylidene, 77.8, 145-6°; veratrylidene, 94.6, 97-8°; Ph-CH:CHCH:, 62.7, 141-2°; 9-anthralidene, 89.2, 80-1°. Uv spectra (data given) were discussed.

IT 21468-82-6P 21468-83-7P 21468-85-9P  
21468-86-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

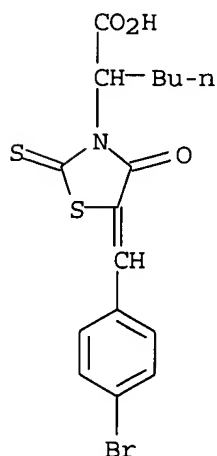
RN 21468-82-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -butyl-5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



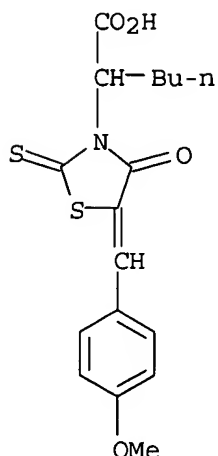
RN 21468-83-7 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-bromobenzylidene)- $\alpha$ -butyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

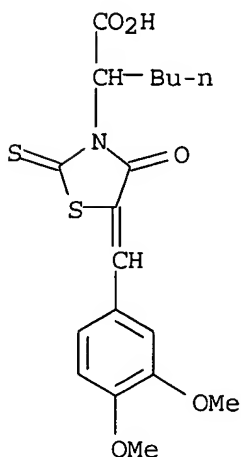


RN 21468-85-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -butyl-5-(p-methoxybenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 21468-86-0 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -butyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-  
(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 11 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:37696 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 70:37696

TITLE: ~~Uv absorption spectra of 3-(p-hydroxyphenyl)- and 3-( $\alpha$ -carboxypropyl)rhodanine derivatives~~

AUTHOR(S): Ladna, L. Ya.; Turkevich, M. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: L'viv. Med. Inst., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1968),  
23(4), 31-5

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

AB 3-(p-Hydroxyphenyl)-rhodanine (I), an analog of the antipyretic acetophene, and 3-( $\alpha$ -carboxypropyl)rhodanine (II), a biochem. imitator of  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid, were synthesized by reacting p-aminophenol and  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid, resp., with CS<sub>2</sub>, followed by



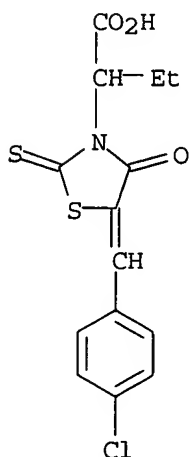
condensation with ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H. Condensing I and II with aromatic aldehydes gave new 5-arylidene derivs. of I and II. The 5-benzylidene, 5-(p-chloro-, 5-(p-nitro-, 5-(p-dimethylamino-, 5-(p-diethylamino-, 5-(m-nitro-, and 5-(p-bromobenzylidene), 5-cinnamylidene, and 5-furfurylidene derivs. of I, and the 5-benzylidene, 5-(p-nitro-, 5-(m-nitro-, 5-(p-chloro-, 5-(p-diethylamino-, and 5-(o-carboxybenzylidene), 5-veratrylidene, 5-anthrylidene, and 5-( $\alpha$ -naphthylidene) derivs. of II were synthesized. The uv absorption spectra of these compds. were measured and discussed.

IT **13242-83-6P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

RN 13242-83-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)- $\alpha$ -ethyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

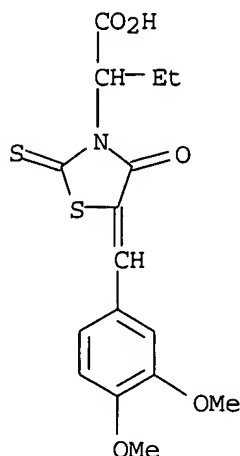


IT **13242-88-1**

RL: PRP (Properties)  
(spectrum (uv) of)

RN 13242-88-1 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -ethyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 12 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:49496 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 68:49496

TITLE: Synthesis of the rhodanine derivatives with possible antimetabolic activity. VI. 3-( $\alpha,\gamma$ -Dicarboxypropyl)rhodanine and its 5-arylidene derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Turkevich, B. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: L'vovsk. Nauch.-Issled. Inst. Pereliv. Krovi, L'vov, USSR

SOURCE: Khimiya Geterotsiklicheskikh Soedinenii (1967), (4), 657-60

CODEN: KGSSAQ; ISSN: 0132-6244

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

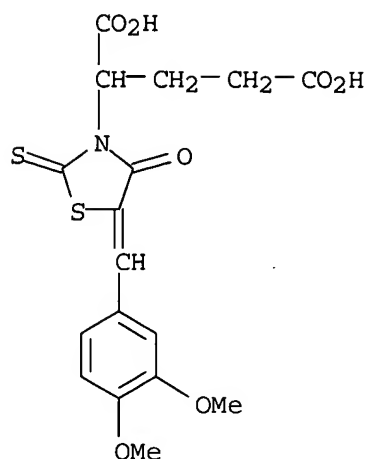
AB 3-( $\alpha,\gamma$ -Dicarboxypropyl)rhodanine (I), m. 98-9°, was prepared in a 67.5% yield by stirring 6 hrs. a solution of 44.1 g. glutamic acid, 50.49 g. KOH, and 22.8 g. CS<sub>2</sub> in water followed by addition of 28.35 g. ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Na, 30 min. shaking and 2 hrs. heating after addition of 6N HCl on a water bath. Refluxing 5 millimoles I with 5 millimoles of a substituted aromatic aldehyde and 1.5 g. NaOAc in AcOH for 2 hrs. gave the following II (R, m.p., and % yield given): Ph, 207°, 68.9; o-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 212-13°, 94; m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 228-9°, 95.9; p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 198-200°, 84.3; p-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 220-1°, 92.8; p-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 217-18°, 93.9; p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 225°, 74; p-Et<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 201-2°, 85.2; PhCH:CH, 173-4°, 84.3; 3-MeO-4-HOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 241-2°, 68.4; 3,4-(MeO)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 130-2°, 84.1; 3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl, 204-5°, 78.9;  $\alpha$ -naphthyl, 171-3°, 82.5; 9-anthryl, 196-7°, 87.4. In the uv spectra, 3 to 4 absorption bands were found in the region 220-40 m $\mu$ , 244-278.5 m $\mu$ , 292-338 m $\mu$ , and 360-374 m $\mu$ .

IT 16942-78-2P 16942-83-9P 16942-84-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

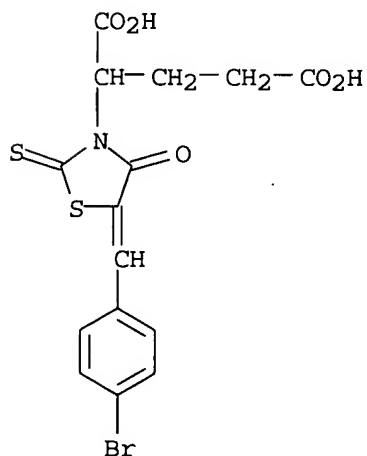
RN 16942-78-2 HCAPLUS

CN Glutaric acid, 2-(4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-3-thiazolidinyl)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



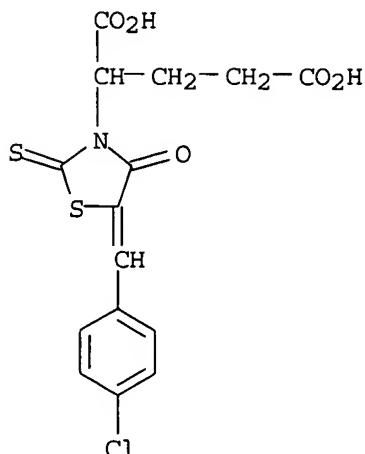
RN 16942-83-9 HCAPLUS

CN Glutaric acid, 2-[5-(p-bromobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 16942-84-0 HCAPLUS

CN Glutaric acid, 2-[5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 13 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:85719 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:85719

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of rhodanines, obtained from tryptophan

AUTHOR(S): Kopiichuk, I. I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Inst., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1966),

21(5), 3-6

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

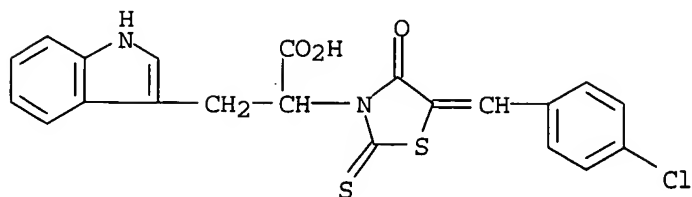
AB Tryptophan (0.15 mole) mixed with 0.15 mole NaOH in 40 ml. water was slowly added to an agitated mixture of 0.15 mole CS<sub>2</sub>, 0.15 mole KOH, and 30 ml. water. In 4 hrs., 0.15 mole ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>K was added to the I formed and the mixture was agitated 20-30 hrs. to produce II. The mixture was acidified with HCl to pH 2-3 and warmed to 90° to give 67.4% 3-(α-carboxy-β-3-indolyl)ethylrhodanine (III), m. 223-5° (AcOH). III hydrolyzed at 20° in alkaline media, (H<sub>2</sub>O.NH<sub>3</sub>, NaOH, Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>), into blue or purple-blue colored mercaptocarboxylic acids (positive nitroprusside reaction). To prepare 5-alkylidene derivs. (IV) a mixture of 0.005 mole III, 10 ml. AcOH, 1-2 g. AcONa and an appropriate aromatic or heterocyclic aldehyde (0.005 mole) was refluxed 3 hrs., then quenched in water to precipitate the following IV (R, m.p., and % yield given): benzylidene, 236-7°, 88.2; p-nitrobenzylidene, 196-7°, 94.8; m-nitrobenzylidene, 227-9°, 90.7; p-chlorobenzylidene, 192-3°, 93.2; salicylidene, 231-2°, 80.6; p-(N,N-dimethylamino)benzylidene, 151-2°, 94.8; veratrylidene, 144-5°, 87.4; cinnamylidene, 249-51°, 92.3; 9-anthranylidene, 96-8°, 93.1; furfurylidene, 236-7°, 91.2.

IT 13789-85-0P 13789-88-3P

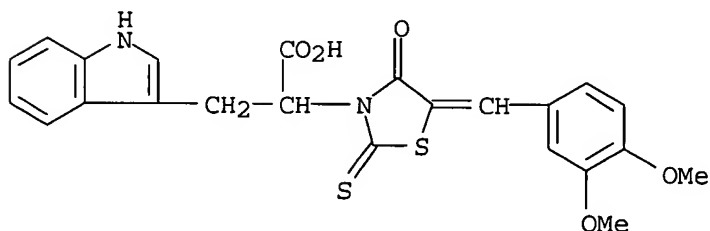
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 13789-85-0 HCAPLUS

CN Indole-3-propionic acid, α-[5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

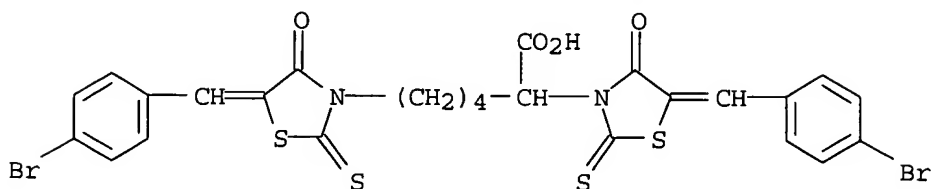


RN 13789-88-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN Indole-3-propionic acid, α-(4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-3-thiazolidinyl)-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



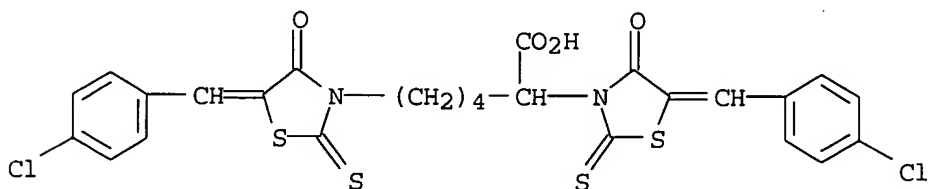
L17 ANSWER 14 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:10872 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:10872  
 TITLE: Synthesis of rhodanines based on lysine  
 AUTHOR(S): Kovaliv, Yu. D.; Turkevich, B. M.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sci. Res. Inst. Hematology and Blood Transfusion, Lvov, USSR  
 SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1966), 21(4), 22-7  
 CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: Ukrainian  
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB α,ε-Di(N-rhodanyl)caproic acid (I), m. 95-6° (AcOH), was obtained in 91% yield by adding 22.83 g. CS<sub>2</sub> to a mixture of solns. of 27.39 g. lysine in 75 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O and of 33.61 g. KOH in 22.5 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O, stirring 4 hrs., adding 28.35 g. ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H neutralized with Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, stirring 30 min., neutralizing with concentrated HCl, adding 120 ml. boiling 6N HCl and heating on a water bath 1 hr. at 85-90°. The following II were prepared by refluxing 3 hrs. a mixture of 0.0025 mole I, 0.005 mole RCHO, 1 g. anhydrous AcONa, and 10 ml. AcOH and recrystg. from AcOH (R, m.p., and % yield are given, resp.): Ph, 202-4°, 94.3; m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 183-5°, 93.7; p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 234-5°, 75.0; p-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 240-1°, 68.0; p-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 240-1°, 85.2; p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 110-12°, 95.6; 3,4-(MeO)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 146-8°, 77.4; styryl, 162-4°, 66.9; 2-hydroxyl-1-naphthyl, 275-6°, 90.0; 9-anthryl, 230-2°, 96.2. Uv and visible spectral data are given and discussed.  
 IT 13112-37-3P 13185-06-3P 13185-07-4P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)  
 RN 13112-37-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis[5-(p-bromobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-

thiazolidinyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



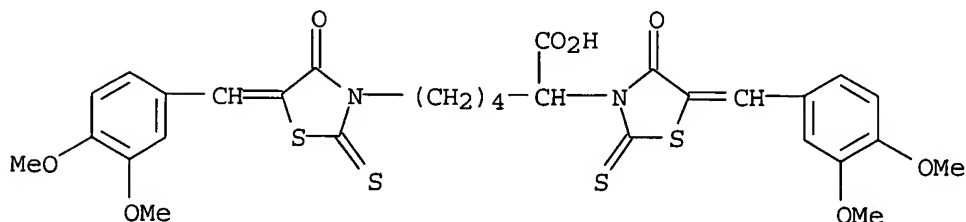
RN 13185-06-3 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis[5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidinyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 13185-07-4 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 2,6-bis(4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-3-thiazolidinyl)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 15 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:2506 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:2506

TITLE: Synthesis of rhodanine derivatives based on  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid

AUTHOR(S): Ladna, L. Ya.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Inst., Lvov, USSR

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1966), 21(4), 14-18

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB 3-( $\alpha$ -Carboxypropyl)-rhodanine (I) and 9 of its 5-arylidenes derivs. are described and their uv spectra given. A solution of 25.8 g.  $\alpha$ -aminobutyric acid in 62 ml. water containing 14 g. KOH was added to a

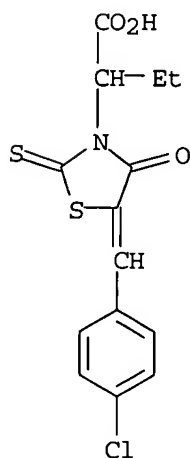
stirred mixture of 15 ml. CS<sub>2</sub>, 14 g. KOH, and 62 ml. water. The mixture was stirred 3 hrs., filtered, and treated with 25.5 g. ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H dissolved in 50 ml. water and 17.3 g. K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>. The mixture was stirred 30 min., acidified with concentrated HCl, treated with 150 ml. concentrated HCl, and heated at 90° to give 35% I, m. 139-40° (EtOH, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O). Equimolar amts. (0.01 mole) of ArCHO, I, anhydrous NaOAc, and 15 ml. glacial HOAc were refluxed 3 hrs. and poured into 500 ml. water. The solid was purified by boiling water-petroleum ether and crystallized from glacial HOAc and EtOH. Thus were prepared II (Ar, % yield, and m.p. given) Ph, 54, 168-9° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>); 4-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 76, 174-5° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>); 4-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 36, 190-1° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>); 4-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 93, 180-1° (EtOH); 3-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 88, 206-18° (glacial HOAc); 2-(HO<sub>2</sub>C)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 45.5, 200-1° (glacial HOAc); veratryl, 72.8, 163-4° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>); α-naphthyl, 85, 169-70° (glacial HOAc); 9-anthryl, 97, 202-3°, (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>).

IT 13242-83-6P 13242-88-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

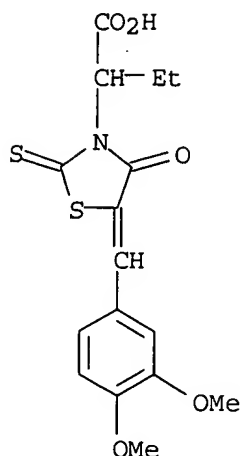
RN 13242-83-6 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-α-ethyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 13242-88-1 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, α-ethyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L17 ANSWER 16 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:473409 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 65:73409

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 65:13680a-c

TITLE: Rhodanines obtained from leucine

AUTHOR(S): ~~Koplichuk, I. I.~~

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Inst., Lvov

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1966),  
21(3), 13-17

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB 3-( $\alpha$ -Carboxy- $\gamma$ -methylbutyl)rhodanine (I, R = H<sub>2</sub>) (Ia) and  
5-arylidene derivs. were prepared and their uv spectra studied. CS<sub>2</sub> and KOH  
(0.25 thole each) in 60 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O was added successively to leucine and KOH  
(0.25 mole each) in 60 cc. H<sub>2</sub>O, the mixture stirred 4 hrs., and 0.25 mole  
aqueous ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (neutralized with K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>) added. The mixture was stirred  
20-30

min., acidified with concentrated HCl (pH 2-3), heated to 90°, cooled,  
and the oil which separated was dissolved in 50 cc. concentrated AcOH,  
decolorized

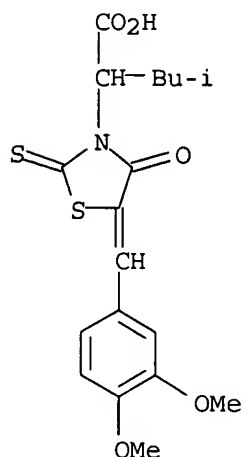
with active C, and poured into H<sub>2</sub>O to give 61.5% Ia, m. 99-101°;  
 $\lambda$  (maximum) 265 and 295 m $\mu$  (log  $\epsilon$  3.99 and 4.15). I, an  
appropriate aldehyde (5 millimoles each), 1 g. anhydrous AcONa, and 10 cc.  
AcOH was heated 3 hrs. and the mixture poured into H<sub>2</sub>O to give the following  
I (R, % yield, and m.p. given): PhCH, 64.9, 153-4°; p-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH,  
47.8, 192-3°; m-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 73.7, 186-8°; p-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 86.4,  
179-81°; o-HOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 68.2, 117-19°; p-Me<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH, 44.6,  
183-4°; veratrylidene, 88.4, 108-10°; PhCH:CHCH, 77.7,  
171-3°; 9-anthranylidene, 87.7, 90-2°. I was easily  
hydrolyzed in alkaline medium. The uv spectra of I are discussed.

IT 10513-17-4, 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -isobutyl-4-oxo-2-  
thioxo-5-veratrylidene- 13054-71-2, 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  
5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)- $\alpha$ -isobutyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-  
(preparation and spectrum of)

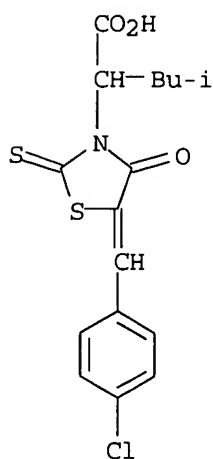
RN 10513-17-4 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -isobutyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-veratrylidene-  
(7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





RN 13054-71-2 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)- $\alpha$ -isobutyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:429429 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 65:29429

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 65:5452a-c

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of rhodanines, obtained from valine

AUTHOR(S): Kopiichuk, I. I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Inst., Lvov

SOURCE: Farmatsevtichnii Zhurnal (Kiev) (1966), 21(1), 7-10

CODEN: FRZKAP; ISSN: 0367-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Ukrainian

AB 3-(1-Carboxy-2-methylpropyl)rhodanine (I), m. 113-15°, was obtained

in 54.9% yield by mixing 0.3 mole valine in 1 portion of KOH solution (3 moles in 80 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O) with 0.3 mole CS<sub>2</sub> in the same amount of KOH solution After 3-hr. mixing, 0.3 mole ClCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H neutralized by K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> was added to the mixture and mixed for 20-30 min., then neutralized with HCl, 150 ml. boiling concentrated HCl added, and the whole heated at 90° for 20-30 min. I separated as a yellow oil, which immediately crystallized By

subsequent

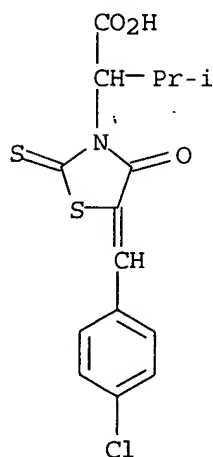
condensation with aromatic aldehydes, the following 5-arylidene derivs. of I were prepared (arylidene group, m.p., and % yield given): benzylidene, 182-4°, 50; p-nitrobenzylidene, 193-4°, 62.8; m-nitrobenzylidene, 184-6°, 90.3; p-chlorobenzylidene, 190-1°, 83.8; salicylidene, 172-3°, 62.2; p-dimethylaminobenzylidene, 211-12°, 54; veratrylidene, 140-1°, 74.7; cinnamylidene, 175-6°, 80.6; 9-anthrylidene, 244-5°, 94.8; furfurylidene, 200-1°, 90.2.

IT 6593-73-3, 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-(p-chlorobenzylidene)-  
 $\alpha$ -isopropyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo- 6594-00-9,  
 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -isopropyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-  
 veratrylidene-

(preparation of)

RN 6593-73-3 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(4-chlorophenyl)methylene]- $\alpha$ -(1-methylethyl)-4-oxo-2-thioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 6594-00-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid,  $\alpha$ -isopropyl-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-  
 veratrylidene- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

